HB 334 (Smith-18th) **Bill Link**
Provides for criminal history record information restriction for persons granted a pardon for certain offenses and revises the procedure for petitioning for exoneration and discharge when an individual has qualified for sentencing as a first offender.
Status: Recommended Do Pass by the House Judiciary Non-Civil Committee. The bill rests in House Rules Committee.

HB 356 (Bazemore-69th) **Bill Link**
Prohibits the use of corporal punishment by school administrators, teachers, and other school personnel with any student in any public school and requires the State Board of Education and the Department of Education to provide for minimum standards and model student codes of conduct which address appropriate methods for redirecting students whose behavior is dangerous or disruptive.
Status: House Education Committee

HB 376 (Holcomb-81st) **Bill Link**
Prohibits that no private corporation shall operate a detention facility.
Status: House Public Safety and Homeland Security Committee

HB 382 (Anulewicz-42nd) **Bill Link**
Adds communications made in the context of victim centered programs, including restorative justice practices, and sanctioned victim-offender dialogues in the list of conversations which are considered privileged.
Status: Recommended Do Pass by the House Judiciary Committee. The bill rests in House Rules Committee.

HB 387 (Alexander-66th) **Bill Link**
Codifies the proclamation by the Office of the President of the United States that would grant a pardon and restore full political, civil, and other rights regarding the offense of simple possession of marijuana.
Status: House Judiciary Non-Civil Committee

HB 388 (Alexander-66th) **Bill Link**
Provides that possession of certain quantities of marijuana constitute a misdemeanor and changes provisions relating to punishment.
Status: House Judiciary Non-Civil Committee

HB 446 (Reeves-99th) **Bill Link**
Modifies the crime of aggravated assault to include when someone immediately exits a vehicle and discharges a firearm at a person, an occupied motor vehicle, or an occupied building. The penalty is five to 20 years imprisonment. The crime of criminal damage to property in the first degree is revised to include when someone knowingly and without justification causes damage to a building by discharging a firearm while inside a vehicle or after immediately existing a motor vehicle. This also increases the penalty for second or subsequent violations to imprisonment of between five to 20 years. The bill creates a new crime of drive-by shooting when a person who is either in a motor vehicle or is close to a motor vehicle that they used to drive to the location, discharges a firearm at another person, motor vehicle, or dwelling, with the intent to injure. The penalty is between five to 20 years imprisonment. Penalties for drive-by shootings that result in serious bodily injuries or are against a person under the age of 16 years old are also imprisonment of between five to 20 years.
Status: Recommended Do Pass by the House Judiciary Non-Civil Committee. The bill rests in House Rules Committee.

HB 459 (Lumsden-12th) **Bill Link**
Authorizes the Georgia Bureau of Investigation to submit felony juvenile arrest fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
Status: House Public Safety and Homeland Security Committee